

ROBBERS HOLD UP SEATTLE SALOON.

Proprietor Thought Masked Men
Were Joking and Refused to
Hold Up His Hands.

THEN ONE OF THEM SHOT HIM.

Man at the Bar Shot as He Turned
And Another One Plugged as
Started to Run.

Seattle, Wash., Sept. 26.—Two masked robbers held up Lou Conway's saloon this morning, shot Conway, James Murphy and Gilbert McBeath.

INJURED.

James Murphy, shot in the stomach; intestines penetrated; will die.

Lou Conway, proprietor of the saloon, shot in the left arm; may have to be amputated.

Gilbert McBeath, shot in left side; bullet took circular course about ribs; may have grazed lungs.

The robbers then went behind the bar and took \$100 from the cash drawer and a watch from Conway's pocket.

Conway is a brother of City Councilman James Conway.

There were five men in the saloon when the shooting occurred—the men who were injured, Conway and two others.

Conway was behind the bar, Murphy, Gray and Longfield were in front.

Conway was taking a drink.

Conway thought the man was joking.

"What do you mean?" answered Conway. "I won't throw up my hands."

Well, I will shoot you, was the reply, and the bandit fired point blank at Conway. The bullet struck the saloonman's left arm and he dropped behind the bar.

The bandit fired again, just as Murphy had turned around to see what the trouble was. The second bullet struck Murphy squarely in the abdomen.

McBeath started to run to the back door, when a bullet caught him in the left side. Longfield put up his hands and a fourth bullet went by his head.

There was one more shot fired, but it struck no one.

The man in the poolroom door seemed to be the leader. When he had finished shooting he called to his pal: "Go back to the bar and get the money. Be quick about it."

The second bandit obeyed, and with revolver in hand, walked through the saloon and back of the bar. He pointed the revolver into the face of Gray, and the saloonman placed his hands in his pockets. Then he removed a watch from Conway's pocket. The robbers then left the saloon without another word.

RACE RIOT VICTIMS.

Two Negroes Killed, Three Fatally Injured Near Lynchburg.

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 26.—Two negroes were killed and three fatally injured in a race riot near Lynchburg, Miss. 15 miles south of Memphis, today.

The shooting took place on the plantation of J. J. Johnson, who, with his two sons and two friends, went into a field to gather a load of corn.

The field was worked on shares by a negro family named Kenney. As the white men were driving their wagon from the field a fusillade from a party of blacks met them.

The fire was returned, with the result that two negroes were killed outright and three were fatally shot.

A number of whites joined the white party and are now searching for others of the attacking party. The names of the dead and wounded are not obtainable.

WAR IN THE ORIENT.

Nelson Prior Thinks It May Lead To European Complications.

Honolulu, Sept. 26.—Melton Prior, the British newspaper correspondent who arrived here today on the Pacific liner Mongolia from Yokohama, says he feels absolutely certain that the war in the far east will lead to European complications and to the most awful war in the world's history.

Mr. Prior complains that Japan has

The Plain Truth.

What More Can Salt Lake City People Ask For?

When old-time residents and highly-respected people of Salt Lake City make such statements as the following, it must carry conviction to every reader:

Oswald Knight, retired, of 524 West Fourth South, says: "I am 77 years of age and hardly expect any medicine to have the same effect upon me as it has on the young."

He says he has never known a man of his age who could have responded when he was a younger man, so that I do not want my many friends and acquaintances in Salt Lake City to think that P. J. Hill Drug Co.'s store, have radically disposed of gravel and bladder trouble attacks of which I had for years and from which I had suffered for many years.

But I want to thoroughly impress upon the reader that they have no doubt about the relief, and that anyone afflicted with the above mentioned ailments is decidedly entitled to the symptoms of gravel and bladder complaint. They are only too much more numerous than is generally supposed. What is of more importance is, if not to them their friends, how to at least make them comfortable. Let me say that P. J. Hill Drug Co. can be taken with every confidence that they will act exactly as represented.

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-McBarn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take to substitute.

Ayer's

You have doubtless heard a great deal about Ayer's Sarsaparilla—how it makes the blood pure and rich, tones up the nervous system, clears the skin, reddens the cheeks, and puts flesh on the bones. Remember, "Ayer's" is the kind you want—the kind the doctors prescribe.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

Ayer's Pills are a great aid to Ayer's Sarsaparilla. These pills are liver pills, safe for the parents, and just as safe for the children. Purely vegetable.

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

SENATOR FAIRBANKS' MONTANA TOUR.

At Billings He Discussed at Length the Subject of Arid Lands and Irrigation.

CAVE REPUBLICANS ALL CREDIT.

Also Talked on Tariff and of Disastrous Consequences of Free Raw Material.

Billings, Mont., Sept. 26.—Senator Fairbanks spent the greater part of the day discussing irrigation. The day was devoted to a tour of Yellowstone county, beginning at Glendive, on the eastern border of Montana, and closing at this point, not far from the center of the state. Ex-Senator Carter, who was a member of Senator Fairbanks' party, came in for much praise as one of the early movers to national aid to irrigation from both Senators Fairbanks and Dooliver. Stops for political meetings were made during the day at the towns of Glendive, Miles City and Forsyth, and the night was spent here, where a largely attended and very enthusiastic meeting was held.

Here Mr. Fairbanks returned to the irrigation question, discussing at length the effect of the reclamation act. He recalled senate recommendations for national aid made by Senator Carter when he was commissioner of the general land office in 1891, and after dwelling at length upon the general question of irrigation entered upon a discussion of President Roosevelt's part in securing the enactment of the existing law. On the latter point he said: "Ten years after Senator Carter brought this great irrigation subject to the attention of the American people we had another American, who dealt with it in a high-minded, intelligent way. He had been a part of your citizenship for years. He had dwelt here in the semi-arid regions. He knew the conditions and the possibilities. He knew the great future that was awaiting you, if you could only bring water to the parched soil of this great country."

"That great statesman who comprehended therefore the possibilities that lie before you here, is our president and the next president of the United States, Theodore Roosevelt."

In his very first message to the United States Congress, he dwelt upon the necessity of dealing with the great subject of irrigation, and pointed out how it was possible to utilize the public domain of the United States so as not to draw directly upon the treasury in Washington. He thought it but just and equitable that the proceeds of the sales of these lands should be utilized for the purpose of irrigating this great country.

"I have just traveled over many miles of country where there is no sign of the habitation of man, but under the inspiration of this great policy which Congress enacted into law I am optimistic enough to believe that in the years lying before us there will be homes occupied by thousands and tens of thousands of energetic, patriotic American citizens where there are none now."

Mr. Fairbanks also referred to the Democratic platform on the subject of irrigation, saying: "The Democratic convention which met in St. Louis deliberately makes claim to having accomplished this great object. It one of the things upon which it prides itself now. I am not blaming them for that, not at all; they do not have many opportunities to make claim to the accomplishment of any great government measure. The only way they can get a little measure of credit is to lay claim to the achievements of the Republican party. They usually wait until after the lapse of ten, fifteen, twenty or twenty-five years, before they accept what we did in three years."

After the Republican Congress enacted the irrigation measure upon the recommendation of a Republican president, a Democratic convention has the effrontery deliberately to claim that Democracy is the author of the great irrigation policy. We know better than that. The Republican party knows that the record upon this great subject is written, and children in the years to come will bless the statesmanship of Theodore Roosevelt and the genius of the Republican party for having written it."

Senator Fairbanks also discussed the tariff question, contending that the policy of free raw material would be disastrous to the wool industry of Montana. Referring without mentioning the Democratic candidate's name to Judge Parker's reference to President McKinley's Buffalo speech on reciprocity, he quoted the language of the Buffalo speech, and added: "Our Democratic friends quote President McKinley's speech in Buffalo in support of commercial reciprocity. It will be observed that they do not quote all that was said by the great president, and which is necessary to a fair understanding of his speech upon the subject. They omitted a vital qualification which he clearly and most distinctly laid down, and which cannot be omitted without a clear perversion of what he intended."

"President McKinley did not abandon the protective policy, nor did he favor Democratic reciprocity. He advocated reciprocity which preserved the protective principles, and not that which overthrew it, and which is only another name for Democratic free trade. In his utterance at Buffalo, President McKinley made perfectly clear that the reciprocity which he favored would not imperil our home industries. To reproduce what he said by quoting those portions of his address which expressed a solicitude regarding the preservation of our home production is to convey to the people an erroneous impression as to what he verily meant and distinctly said."

Confessed to Arson.
St. Louis, Sept. 26.—According to statements by the police, William Wilkie, who today surrendered himself, has confessed that he had tried to burn the Lammert Furniture company's

RICH OR POOR—YOU NEED TEETH.
No one, old enough to know better, should be neglectful of that most vital and useful organ of the human system—the teeth—the very guards to the gateway of health.

SOZODONT TOOTH POWDER
should be found on the toilet table of every one, be he rich or poor. It will not tarnish gold work nor scratch the enamel. A perfect dentifrice—the one for you.

3 FORMS: LIQUID, POWDER, PASTE.

TEA
Bad tea is almost worse than bad coffee; which is superfluous.
Which is superfluous?
Both.

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like **Billing's Tea.**

store on Aug. 8. The fire resulted in a loss of \$30,000. Wilkie, who calls himself a Socialist, is an employee of the Lammert company. He told the police that he tried to burn the store for the reason that replacing the stock would give work to many men.

GOV. PATRON'S REGRETS.
Expressed Because Am. Consulate Was Besmeared With Filth.

Colon, Sept. 26.—The American consulate at Cartagena having been twice recently besmeared with filth, Rear Admiral Sigbee, with his flagship, the Newark, was ordered to proceed to Cartagena and investigate the circumstances. The gunboat Newport, Commander Mort, joined the flagship on Sept. 25. In a communication to Gov. Louis Patron, Admiral Sigbee says in part:

"I find your expression of regret for the acts of indecency, on behalf of yourself and your government, satisfactory, but that it has not been given publicity. I suggest additional precautions to prevent the recurrence of such incidents and fuller publicity of the government's expressions of regret, in order to avoid a friendly visit assuming a more difficult feature."

Gov. Patron complied by reiterating his regrets.

GUERRILLA MOSBY'S HAT.

It Has Been Found in a Northern Home in New York.

New York, Sept. 27.—After having lain for 40 years in a northern home, the campaign hat worn by Col. John S. Mosby, the Confederate cavalryman, and lost by him when he was shot by two men of the Thirtieth New York cavalry in Virginia, Dec. 31, 1864, is about to be returned to its original owner. For many years it has been in the possession of a woman living in this city.

Recently she communicated with one of Col. Mosby's comrades now living in Orange, N. J. Col. Mosby was notified and replied that the relic was undoubtedly that which he wore. It will be returned at once to his comrade in Orange and presented to the Military museum in Washington.

SALVATION ARMY.

To be Divided Into Two Sections With Western Headquarters.

Chicago, Sept. 27.—The Salvation Army, it is stated, will be divided into two sections, with western headquarters in Chicago, and the eastern offices in New York. The object, it is said, is to increase the efficiency of the two territories by extending opportunities for greater concentration in each. The main headquarters, it is understood, are to continue in New York.

The eastern, or New York, district will be much the larger and probably will be in charge of Commissioner Eva Booth, who is leaving Canada. The western, or Chicago district, will be in a measure subsidiary to the eastern, will be placed under the direction of Commissioner Coombs, now in England, but a former commissioner of Canada.

REVOLUTION IN URUGUAY.

Rejoicing in Montevideo Over Its Ending.

New York, Sept. 27.—There is great rejoicing in Montevideo over the ending of the revolution, says a Herald dispatch from Buenos Ayres. Fireworks were burned Sunday night and bands paraded the streets playing patriotic airs.

Five thousand citizens made a demonstration in front of the presidential residence. The president thanked the union of all Uruguayan. Archbishop Soler has ordered a te deum in the cathedral. All political prisoners will be set at liberty.

In the meantime the revolution in Paraguay is progressing though there is no reliable information from the scene. It is understood that the revolutionists are gaining.

NORTHERN PACIFIC SUEDS.

By Claimants for Reward for Christie's Arrest.

Butte, Mont., Sept. 26.—A special to the Miner from Helena, Mont., says: Two suits were entered in the district court today against the Northern Pacific company by claimants for the reward of \$2,000 offered by the company for the arrest and conviction of the men who held up and robbed the train at Bearmouth recently, and for which crime John Christie and George Hammond pleaded guilty last week at Phillipsburg and were sentenced to the penitentiary.

T. J. Pepper is the plaintiff in one of the suits, and he claims the \$2,000 reward for the arrest of Christie, alleging that he secured the confession from him, brought him to Montana and turned him over to the authorities.

H. S. Pritchard is the plaintiff in the other suit. He claims \$2,000 on the allegation that he was instrumental in the arrest of Hammond.

ABSCESSES.

W. H. Harrison, Cleveland, Miss., writes Aug. 15, 1902: "I want to say word of praise for Ballard's Snow Liniment. I stepped on a nail, which caused the cords in my leg to contract and an abscess to rise in my knee, and the doctor told me that I would have to cut it off. I went to J. P. Lord's drug store who is now in Denver, Colo. He recommended a bottle of Snow Liniment; I got a 50c size, and it cured my leg. It is the best liniment in the world."

ABSCESSES, with few exceptions, are indicative of constipation or debility. They may, however, result from blows or from foreign bodies, introduced into the skin or flesh, such as splinters, thorns, etc.

Sold by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

CONFERENCE EXCURSIONS.

Via Denver & Rio Grande R. R.

For the Semi-annual Conference, L. D. S. and the Utah State Fair, the Lake City, the D. & R. G. R. R. will make the usual low rates from all points on the line. Tickets will be sold from all points between Ogden and Tintic; also Rimman Branch, Oct. 3 to 9 inclusive, limited to Oct. 12. From Park City and Heber Branches tickets will be sold Oct. 3 to 8 inclusive limited to Oct. 12. From all other points Oct. 3 to 9 inclusive limited to Oct. 15. See any Rio Grande agent for particulars.

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ONE PRICE TO ALL. NEVER UNDERSOLD.

The First Two Days of OUR GREAT FALL SALE of

Lace Curtains and Portieres!

Was a REMARKABLE DEMONSTRATION of This STORE'S POWER and POPULARITY.

HOW many people do you suppose came here this week and bought curtains? There's no telling. Crowds came. The mails were flooded with orders. Dozens of extra salespeople were added to the curtain forces.

The third day of the Curtain Sale starts with assortments just as complete as the first, for every line has been vigorously reinforced. Stocks are just as fresh as if the sale was just opening. Qualities are the same. Prices are just as delightfully pleasing. There never was a better time to buy Curtains, Portieres, Couch Covers and Table Covers.

COME TOMORROW!

Shirt Waist Sale!

SEPTEMBER 26th AND WEEK WE WILL GIVE

\$25 in Green Trading Stamps with each \$5 Waist purchased.
\$20 in Green Trading Stamps with each \$4 Waist purchased.
\$15 in Green Trading Stamps with each \$3 Waist purchased.
\$10 in Green Trading Stamps with each \$2 Waist purchased.
\$5 in Green Trading Stamps with each \$1 Waist purchased.

R. K. Thomas Dry Goods Co.,

We

"Skin 'Em"

Going And Coming

World's Fair.

GOING, We Beat All Roads TWELVE HOURS.
COMING, We Beat All Roads EIGHTEEN HOURS.

TIME IS MONEY! SAVE IT!! SAVE IT!!

OREGON SHORT LINE

GOING, Leaves Salt Lake 7 a.m.; arrives St. Louis second morning.
COMING, Leaves St. Louis 7:30 p.m.; arrives Salt Lake second afternoon 4:05 p.m.—eighteen hours saved.

Through Sleeper Both Ways in Connection with the

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THROUGH OMAHA.

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Both Phones 1950.

When you want the most for your money in Lumber come and see us.

GEO. ROMNEY LUMBER CO.

65 N. First West.

Our stock is complete, our service prompt and efficient.

O. D. ROMNEY, Manager.

ISN'T IT ABOUT TIME

You began to think of a refreshing summer tonic or beverage? Of course you desire the best. No mistake can be made by ordering a case of



One trial is all we ask. Put up in three. A small glass full two or three times a day will add strength and vitality.

FRED KRUG BREWING CO.
For Sale by Z. C. M. I. Drug Dept.

A Beautiful Woman

is often distressed by Gray or bleached hair.

Imperial Hair Regenerator is the only sure and harmless remedy for either. It is absolutely safe, easily applied, and leaves the hair soft and glossy. It is unsuited for beard or mustache.

ONE APPLICATION LASTS MONTHS. Sample of hair colored free. Privacy assured. Send for pamphlet.

Imperial Chemical Mfg. Co. 185 W. 23d St., N. Y.

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DINING CARS AND SLEEPERS

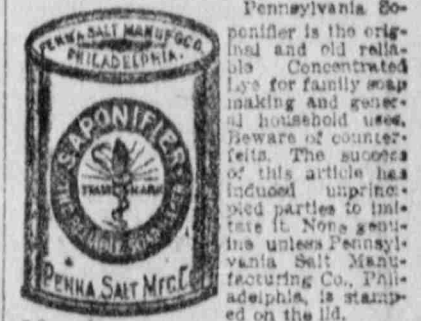
ON THE POPULAR HENDERSON ROUTE

BETWEEN ST. LOUIS AND KENTUCKY THE EAST AND SOUTHEAST

IF YOU WANT TO TRAVEL ON THE "SOLID COMFORT" LINE, "GET THE HENDERSON ROUTE HABIT." IT'S A GOOD HABIT TO ACQUIRE. ASK THE AGENT FOR THIS ROUTING WHEN PURCHASING YOUR TICKETS.

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General Agent, Trav. Passenger Agent,
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Saponifier.



Ask your grocer for it and take no other.

Our Sheriff

Is a nice sort of fellow, but you don't want him to assume the management of your business. And he will never enter your store, except as a customer, if you know how to advertise.